

VOCABULARY Trains and stations

1 Match the verbs (1-6) to the nouns (a-f) to make phrases.

- | | |
|-----------|---------------|
| 1 buy | a at the stop |
| 2 get | b in cash |
| 3 pay | c a delay |
| 4 cause | d a ticket |
| 5 get off | e in Lille |
| 6 change | f a discount |

2 Complete the conversations with the words in the box.

cash	delay	direct	line	platform
return	single	second class		

- 1 A: Yes, I'd like a ticket to London, please. For today.
B: ¹ *Single*?
A: No, ², please. I'm coming back on Thursday.
B: OK. First or ³?
A: Second is fine.
- 2 A: That's £62.70, please. How would you like to pay?
By ⁴ or card?
B: Is Visa OK?
A: Of course. Just enter your PIN here, please. Thank you.
B: Which ⁵ is it?
A: Number 3.
B: Is it a ⁶ train?
A: No, you have to change at Crewe.
- 3 A: You're late!
B: I know. I'm really sorry. There was a ⁷
A: What happened?
B: We stopped for nearly forty minutes. There was a cow on the ⁸
A: Oh, no.

3 10.1 Listen and check your answers.



DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS

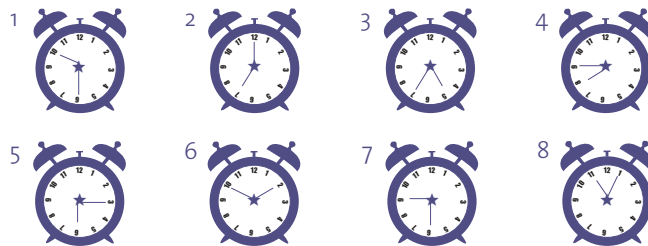
Telling the time

Learner tip

We say *quarter past (nine)*, *half past (nine)* and *quarter to (nine)*, not *fifteen past (nine)*, *thirty past (nine)* or *fifteen to (nine)*. But we can say *nine fifteen* or *nine thirty*.

4 Look at the pictures and complete the times with the words in the box.

fifteen	half	o'clock	past	quarter
ten	thirty	thirty-five		



- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1 ten <i>thirty</i> | 5 six |
| 2 seven | 6 to two |
| 3 four | 7 past nine |
| 4 to eight | 8 five eleven |

5 Write the times in a different way.

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 quarter past five | <i>five fifteen</i> |
| 2 twenty past eleven | ..... |
| 3 five forty-five | ..... |
| 4 half past one | ..... |
| 5 twenty-five past six | ..... |
| 6 quarter to three | ..... |

PRONUNCIATION to

6 10.2 Listen and underline the phrase you hear, a or b.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 a <u>It's quarter to five.</u> | b It's quarter past five. |
| 2 a Ten to two. | b Ten past two. |
| 3 a At twenty-five to four. | b At twenty-five past four. |
| 4 a Quarter to nine. | b Quarter past nine. |
| 5 a Five to eleven. | b Five past eleven. |
| 6 a Come at five to nine. | b Come after five to nine. |

7 Listen again and repeat the phrases.

LISTENING

8 10.3 Listen to three conversations about travel. Match the pictures (a-c) to the conversations (1-3).

- Conversation 1 picture []
 Conversation 2 picture []
 Conversation 3 picture []



9 Listen again and choose the correct information.

Conversation 1

- The woman wants to go to the (station) / city centre.
- The bus / train station is the next stop.

Conversation 2

- They have to / don't have to change trains at the next station.
- They know / don't know which platform they arrive at.

Conversation 3

- The man is / isn't going to come back today.
- He gets 15% / 50% off his ticket.

10 What do you remember about the conversations?

Match the sentence beginnings (1-6) to the endings (a-f).

- Which stop do I get off at c.....
- Do you mean the bus station
- We have to change
- I don't know. Two
- Yes, I'd like a ticket
- Yes, you can buy a student card

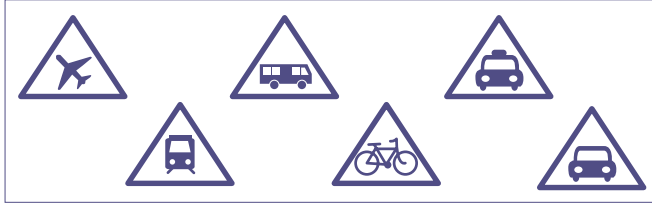
- or maybe three.
- for £15.00 and then you get 50% off.
- for the station?
- at the next station.
- or the train station?
- to Preston, please.

11 10.4 Listen and check your answers.



VOCABULARY Transport

1 Look at the pictures and complete the words with the missing vowels (a, e, i, o, u).



- 1 p l a n e
- 2 t r _ _ n
- 3 b _ _ s
- 4 b _ k _
- 5 t _ x _
- 6 c _ _ r

2 Choose the correct word.

- 1 He's a (taxi) / bike driver.
- 2 The car / plane broke down.
- 3 Is this the number 88 train / bus?
- 4 Hurry up! You're going to miss your train / bike!
- 5 I like to ride my car / bike to work.
- 6 Oh, no! The flight to Miami is delayed / missed.

3 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.


book lock park pay pick run stop wait

- 1 I always park my car outside my house. It's safe there.
- 2 Don't forget to your bike. You don't want someone to steal it.
- 3 Can you Robbie up from the train station?
- 4 Does the number 36 bus all night?
- 5 Can you the taxi driver? I forgot my money.
- 6 Did Rachel her flight on the internet?
- 7 How long did you for the bus? Was it very late?
- 8 Can we that taxi? I don't want to walk home.

4 Complete the text with the words in the box.

station catch charge get number
run all night buses taxis

Transport in my city is OK. There isn't an underground system, but the ¹ buses are really good. The ²
3 bus goes into the centre of town from outside my flat. The only problem is that they don't ³
So if you're out late, you have to ⁴ a taxi. The official ⁵ are yellow. They're good because you know the driver can't ⁶ you too much. The trains are good too. You can ⁷ a train from the ⁸ and be in London in thirty minutes.



GRAMMAR too much, too many and not enough

5 Rewrite the sentences using the words in brackets.

- 1 He's driving fast. (too)
He's driving too fast.
- 2 This bag isn't cheap for me. (enough)
.....
- 3 It's early to go. (too)
.....
- 4 This film is long. (too)
.....
- 5 I can't buy it. I haven't got money. (enough)
.....
- 6 You aren't walking fast. Hurry up! (enough)
.....

6 Put the words in the box in the correct column.

accidents	buses	crime	drivers
people	pollution	traffic	water

countable	uncountable
..... accidents
.....
.....
.....

7 Complete the sentences with much, many or enough.

- 1 There are too many people on this bus!
- 2 I didn't put sugar in my coffee. It's horrible.
- 3 You haven't given me money. There's only six euros here.
- 4 I have things to do today.
- 5 Do you think there's traffic on the roads?
- 6 There is too pollution in this city.

8 Read the text and choose the correct words.

Cycling in our cities is becoming ¹ not enough / too much / (too) dangerous. The problem is that there is just ² too much / too many / not enough traffic on the roads and there are ³ n't enough / too much / too many cycle lanes. Another problem is that car drivers don't pay ⁴ too many / too much / enough attention. They need to drive more carefully. And they drive ⁵ too / too much / not enough fast. ⁶ Too much / Too many / Not enough accidents involve bikes. The government needs to do something about it.



READING

9 Read about the three journeys. Which journey takes the longest?

10 Match the two halves of the sentences. Then read about the journeys again and check your answers.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 Machu Picchu is also | a gold and blue. |
| 2 Cuzco was | b two thousand years old. |
| 3 The Ottoman Express is | c a trade route to the West. |
| 4 The Ottoman Express travels | d the capital city of the Inca Empire. |
| 5 The Terracotta Warriors are | e called The Lost City of the Incas. |
| 6 The Silk Road was | f through seven countries. |

11 Choose the correct answer.

Journey 1

- The train climbs to 3,000m / 4,000m between Cuzco and Puno.
- The city of Puno is on Lake Titicaca / high in the Andes.

Journey 2

- On the first day, the Ottoman Express goes through two / three countries.
- Peleş Castle is in Romania / Bulgaria.

Journey 3

- The train leaves Beijing in the morning / evening.
- Xinjiang province is in the east / west of China.

Great train journeys

Andes Experience

The **journey** starts with a trip to Machu Picchu. On the way you stop in some beautiful villages. You can do some shopping there before you continue to Machu Picchu, the Lost City of the Incas, high in the Andes. You have four hours to enjoy the views and then you carry on to Cuzco, the **ancient** capital of the Inca Empire. On day two you **set off** early. As the train climbs slowly to 4,000m, you can relax in your armchair and enjoy the beautiful scenery of the Andes. After a short stop in La Raya, it's time for lunch. You arrive in Puno, the end of your journey, on Lake Titicaca, at around 6pm.



Trans-European luxury



The adventure starts as you arrive at the platform in Paris and see the gold and blue of the Ottoman Express. On the train, your **steward** shows you to your **compartment**, where you can rest while you travel through France, Germany and Austria. At breakfast the next morning, enjoy the scenery as your train enters Hungary and arrives in Budapest. On day three, you can enjoy the sights of the city and the beautiful River Danube, before you travel overnight into Romania. On day four, there's a trip to Peleş Castle. After a night in the Romanian capital, Bucharest, you travel through the beautiful scenery of Bulgaria, and cross into Turkey on the morning of day six. Arrival in Istanbul in the afternoon ends a six-day adventure across seven countries.

Silk Road

Before your evening departure from Beijing, you can enjoy a sight-seeing tour of the city, including the Temple of Heaven and the Forbidden City. You arrive in the ancient city of Xi'an, in central China, the next morning, where you can visit the 2,000-year-old Terracotta Warriors. Then the journey continues northwest, following the Silk Road, the ancient **trade** route leading to the West. From day eight to day fourteen, the tour explores Xinjiang province in the west of China. Sights include visits to the Mogao Caves and the Jiaohe Ruins. A flight back to the capital completes the tour of a lifetime.



Glossary

journey: an occasion when you travel from one place to another
ancient: very old
set off: to start a journey
steward: a waiter on a plane, train or boat
compartment: one of the separate spaces into which a railway carriage is divided
trade: the act of buying or selling goods

DEVELOPING CONVERSATIONS

Where's the best place?

1 Look at the words and phrases in the box and answer the questions.

- Which word combines with change?
- Which two words are verbs? and
- Which three words combine with *go* to make leisure activities?, and
- Which two words or phrases combine with *get* to make things you receive? and

money	dancing	a haircut	stay	some exercise
eat	cycling	shopping		

2 Ewa is going to live with Liam and his family for a short time. Read the conversation and complete it with the words and phrases from exercise 1.



Liam: Welcome, Ewa. It's great you're going to ¹ *stay* with us for a few weeks. Is there anything you would like to know?

Ewa: Thank you. Yes, I have some questions. Where is the best place to ²

Liam: Well, the post office opposite here probably gives the best rate.

Ewa: Oh, great. And where's the best place to ³

Liam: Try Baxter's Gym. It's good – with a great pool – but it's a bit expensive. Oh, and if you want to ⁴ there are lots of bike lanes.

Ewa: Thanks. That sounds really good.

Liam: And you can use our mountain bikes any time.

Ewa: Fantastic! Thanks. Oh, and where's the best place to ⁵

Liam: In this house, of course! But in town try 'Bon Appétit'. The food is good there and so is the atmosphere.

Ewa: Great! I'm going to try it. And where's the best place to ⁶

Liam: Hm, what sorts of things do you like buying?

Ewa: Clothes, maybe.

Liam: Right. Try 'Up Market', in the city centre. They have a great selection of different clothes there. And if you want to ⁷, they have a good salon upstairs. Our daughter Sonia goes a lot. She comes back with a different style every time!

Ewa: Fantastic. Thank you very much. I have just one more question. Where's the best place to ⁸

Liam: No idea, but you can ask Sonia. She knows where all the good clubs are. Sonia!

3 10.5 Listen and check your answers.

GRAMMAR Superlatives

4 Complete the table.

	Adjective	Superlative
short adj.	..... .....	the cheapest the hottest
-y → <i>the -iest</i>	..... dry	the easiest
<i>the most</i> + adj	expensive .....	..... the most interesting
irregular	..... bad	the best

5 Look at the information. Complete the sentences with superlatives from exercise 4.

- | |
|------------------------------------|
| Death Valley, California 56.5°C |
| El Azizia, Libya 58°C |
| Oodnadatta, South Australia 50.7°C |

El Azizia is place in the world.

- | |
|-------------------------------------|
| Sahara Desert 10 cm rain per year |
| Atacama Desert .01 cm rain per year |
| Mohave Desert 25 cm rain per year |

The Atacama Desert is place on earth.

- | |
|----------------------|
| Chery QQ £3,308 |
| Suzuki Maruti £3,455 |
| Tata Nano £2,115 |

The Tata Nano is car in the world.

- | |
|-----------------------------|
| Azeda Beach, Brazil ☆☆☆ ☹ |
| Kapalua Beach, Maui ☆☆☆☆☆ ☺ |
| Cooden Beach, UK ☆ ☹ |

Kapalua Beach is beach in the world.

- | |
|------------------|
| cheetah 112 km/h |
| antelope 98 km/h |
| lion 80 km/h |

The cheetah is animal on earth.

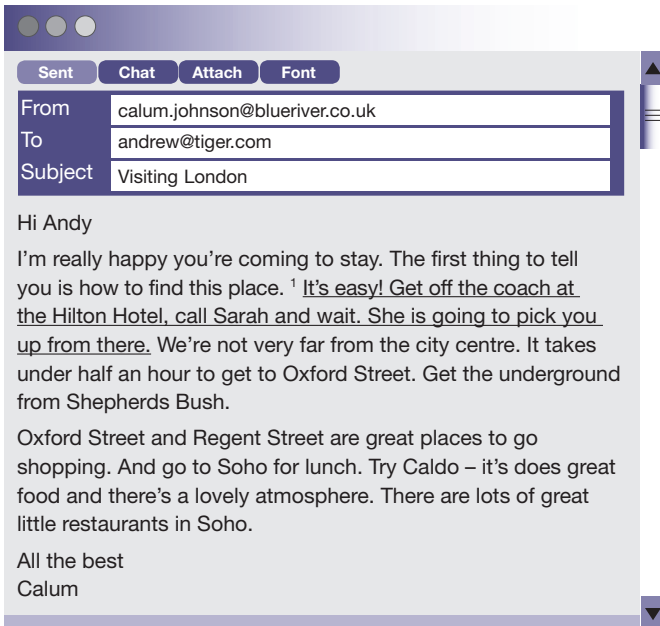
6 Make sentences from the prompts. Use the superlative form of each adjective.

- The sloth is / slow / animal on earth.
The sloth is *the slowest animal on earth*.
- Eddie 'The Eagle' Edwards was / bad / Olympic athlete of all time.
Eddie 'The Eagle' Edwards was
- Vostok Station, Antarctica, is / cold / place on earth.
Vostok Station, Antarctica, is
- The Bugatti Chiron is / expensive / car in the world.
The Bugatti Chiron is
- Mawsynram, India, is / wet / place on earth.
Mawsynram, India, is

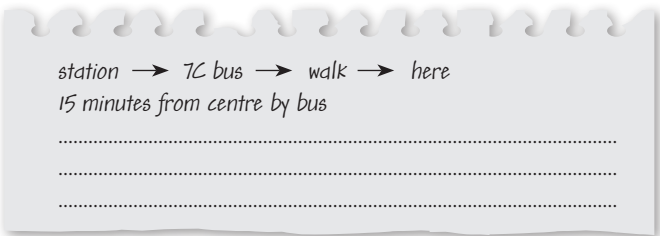
DEVELOPING WRITING

Building a text from notes

7 Read the email. Underline the answers to the questions below and number them 1–5.



8 A friend is coming to stay with you. Write notes to answer the questions in exercise 7.



9 Write an email to a friend who is coming to stay. Tell your friend how to get to your place and recommend some things for your friend to do in your city. Use the notes you made in exercise 8 and any of the phrases below to help you.

- From the train station, get the 7C bus ... / walk down the street to ...
- Our house / flat is quite near / isn't near the city centre ...
- From here, walk down the road ... / get the 14 bus / take the underground ...
- Try Harrods / Fanucci's / Carl's Gym – it's a great / the best / place for ...
- The area is very safe / quite dangerous so don't worry / be careful ...

Vocabulary Builder Quiz 10

Download the Vocabulary Builder for Unit 10 and try the quiz below. Write your answers in your notebook. Then check them and record your score.

1 Cross-out the word in each group that doesn't collocate

- catch *the bus / a flight / home / my train*
- taste *delicious / like fish / well / horrible*
- get off *the train / a bus / a plane / a car*
- lock *the journey / your bike / a door / the car*
- book *a flight / some cash / online / the tickets*

2 Complete the compound nouns.

- I got a hair..... at the weekend. Do you like it?
- I'd like a return to Manchester, please.
- The taxi took the shortest route.
- Do you like sea..... like prawns and squid?
- They don't have enough money to fly first

3 Find words that are both verbs and nouns to complete the sentences.

- Don't forget to your bike when you leave it. Oh no! My key has broken off in the
- There's a car opposite the museum. Can we the car here, please?
- There was a and our train was late. I'm sorry, but we have to the flight, due to the weather.
- I've got a funny in my mouth. Does the cake nice? It looks delicious!
- Ruby can in the next election because she'll be 18. Every counts, so please don't forget.
- I'm afraid there's a for using the telephone. Do they extra for service here?

4 Choose the correct preposition.

- Their car broke *down / up* and they're going to be late.
- I prefer cycling *to / for* driving.
- You need to get *off / up* at this stop for the hospital.
- Do you want me to pick you *off / up* from work today?

5 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

direct	journey	passengers
platform	transport	

- Which does the train leave from?
- There isn't a flight. You have to change in Paris.
- Some taxi drivers won't take more than three
- There are some problems in the city this morning.
- How long is the by bus?

Score ___/25

Wait a couple of weeks and try the quiz again. Compare your scores.